

Housing values bloom ahead of what is likely to be a very active spring selling season

Cotality's national Home Value Index (HVI) rose 0.7% in August, the strongest month on month gain since May last year. The result pushed the annual change higher for the second month in a row, to 4.1%.

The growth cycle has been gradually building momentum since the February rate cut, with buyer demand spurred by a lift in borrowing capacity, real wages growth, rising confidence and what is likely to be a growing sense of urgency as advertised stock levels remain tight.

"Once again we are seeing a clear mismatch between available supply and demonstrated demand placing upwards pressure on housing values", said Cotality Australia's research director, Tim Lawless.

"The annual trend in estimated home sales is up two percent on last year and tracking almost 4% above the previous five-year average. At the same time, advertised supply levels remain about -20% below average for this time of the year."

Vendors are in a strong position as we head into spring.

Auction clearance rates rose to 70% in late August, the highest since February last year, and competition amongst sellers is relatively mild amid such low advertised stock levels.

"We are starting to see the usual start of spring upswing in new listings coming to market, but from a low base," Mr. Lawless said. "A pick up in the flow of stock coming to market through spring will be good news for buyers who generally have limited choice at the moment," Mr. Lawless said.

While housing values are rising across most regions, the pace of growth remains modest relative to recent upswings. During the pandemic, the monthly change in the national

index peaked at 3.1% in March 2021, and the upswing commencing in early 2023 climbed quite rapidly, reaching a 1.3% high in May 2023.

"I would be surprised if we saw the monthly rate of change in the national HVI getting anywhere near these earlier cyclical peaks, given how stretched housing affordability has become," Mr. Lawless added.

"What is more likely is that home values will rise at a more sustainable pace, with demand dampened by affordability constraints, more normal rates of population growth and cautious lending policy.

While interest rates are falling, the cash rate is still 350 basis points higher than the 0.1% low that underpinned growth in the pandemic."

The growth trend remains geographically broad-based with almost every region recording a rise in values over the month. Tasmania remains the exception, with Hobart values down -0.2% over the month.

The mid-sized capitals are once again leading the growth trend, with Brisbane (+1.2%) and Perth (+1.1%) recording the highest monthly gains. Adelaide wasn't far behind with a 0.9% lift in values.

Darwin has also recorded a solid gain, with a 1.0% rise in August, taking values 10.8% higher through the first eight months of the year, by far the highest year-to-date gain across the capital cities.

"It seems that investors are willing to look through the volatile history of Darwin housing trends, with investors attracted to the low price points and high yields. Lending to this segment has more than doubled over the past year," Mr. Lawless said. "Additionally, listings are extraordinarily low, down about 50% on the five-year average."

Index results as at 31st August 2025	Change in dwelling values								
	Month	Quarter	Annual	Total return	Median value				
Sydney	0.8%	1.7%	2.1%	5.1%	\$1,224,341				
Melbourne	0.3%	1.0%	1.4%	5.1%	\$803,194				
Brisbane	1.2%	3.0%	7.9%	11.6%	\$949,583				
Adelaide	0.9%	2.1%	6.5%	10.2%	\$851,125				
Perth	1.1%	3.1%	6.6%	11.2%	\$841,928				
Hobart	-0.2%	-0.6%	2.6%	7.0%	\$680,315				
Darwin	1.0%	5.0%	10.2%	17.6%	\$553,131				
Canberra	0.4%	1.5%	1.6%	5.6%	\$872,957				
Combined capitals	0.8%	1.9%	3.6%	7.0%	\$932,038				
Combined regional	0.5%	1.6%	6.0%	10.7%	\$693,859				
National	0.7%	1.8%	4.1%	7.9%	\$848,858				



Rolling three-month change in dwelling values State capitals



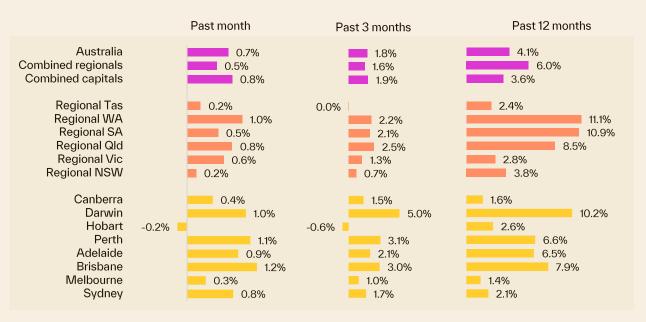
Rolling three-month change in dwelling values Combined capitals v Combined regionals



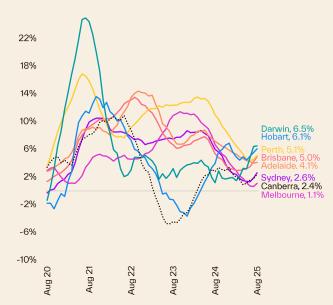
Change in dwelling values over key time periods

Geography	From peak	Peak date	Past 5 years	Since Feb (1st rate cut)
Sydney	<at peak=""></at>		36.7%	3.2%
Melbourne	-3.0%	Mar 22	16.8%	2.7%
Brisbane	<at p<="" th=""><th>eak></th><th>78.3%</th><th>5.0%</th></at>	eak>	78.3%	5.0%
Adelaide	<at p<="" th=""><th>eak></th><th>76.7%</th><th>2.9%</th></at>	eak>	76.7%	2.9%
Perth	<at p<="" th=""><th>eak></th><th>81.9%</th><th>4.7%</th></at>	eak>	81.9%	4.7%
Hobart	-10.4%	Mar 22	28.1%	0.3%
Darwin	<at p<="" th=""><th>eak></th><th>36.8%</th><th>9.5%</th></at>	eak>	36.8%	9.5%
Canberra	-4.6%	May 22	30.5%	2.4%
Regional NSW	<at p<="" th=""><th>eak></th><th>50.7%</th><th>2.1%</th></at>	eak>	50.7%	2.1%
Regional Vic	-4.8%	May 22	35.6%	2.5%
Regional Qld	<at p<="" th=""><th>eak></th><th>76.7%</th><th>4.8%</th></at>	eak>	76.7%	4.8%
Regional SA	<at p<="" th=""><th>eak></th><th>79.4%</th><th>5.1%</th></at>	eak>	79.4%	5.1%
Regional WA	<at p<="" th=""><th>eak></th><th>86.9%</th><th>4.5%</th></at>	eak>	86.9%	4.5%
Regional Tas	-1.7%	May 22	47.3%	-0.3%
Regional NT	-8.5%	Apr 16	6.0%	1.0%
Combined capitals	<at p<="" th=""><th>eak></th><th>42.1%</th><th>3.5%</th></at>	eak>	42.1%	3.5%
Combined regionals	<at peak=""></at>		59.8%	3.3%
National	<at p<="" th=""><th>eak></th><th>46.0%</th><th>3.4%</th></at>	eak>	46.0%	3.4%

Change in dwelling values to end of August 2025



Annual change in rents, Houses



National rental growth picked up to 0.5% in seasonally adjusted terms through August, the largest month on month rise since May last year. The re-acceleration in rental growth has been apparent through most of 2025, with the annual change now rising over two consecutive months, reaching 4.1% in August.

Rental markets remain extremely tight across most regions, with the national vacancy rate at 1.5% in August which is around record lows. The five years prior to 2020 recorded an average vacancy rate of 3.3%, more than double the current level.

Like value growth, Darwin is leading the capital city rental growth trends with house rents up 6.5% over the past year and unit rents up 9.4%. Such strong rental growth is supporting a very high gross rental yield of 6.5% across all dwellings.

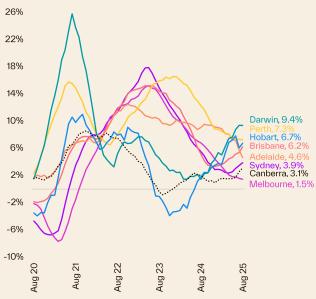
Melbourne, the ACT and Sydney are recording the softest rental conditions, with annual rents rising by the least amount of any capital city over the past 12 months; however, the trend looks to be picking up in these cities also.

"The reacceleration in market rents is one to watch considering the large weight allocated to rental prices in the CPI," said Mr Lawless. "There is more than a year of lag between rental value estimates and CPI rents paid, but if this uptick in rental growth continues it could gradually place some upwards pressure on inflation."

Despite the ongoing rise in rental values, gross rental yields have held reasonably firm since the beginning of 2023, following the drop in yields when value growth substantially outpaced rental growth through the pandemic.

Looking at affordability, Sydney remains home to the highest rental rates, with a median house rent of \$833/pw in August, while units had a median rent of \$749/pw. The lowest capital city rents can be found in Hobart where the typical house rents for \$603/pw and units \$506/pw.

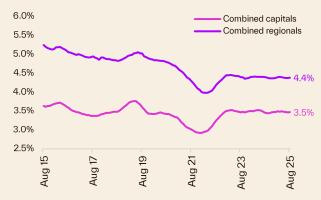
Annual change in rents, Units



Gross rental yields, dwellings



Gross rental yields, dwellings





The broad-based rise in housing values is set to continue into spring, a period where we usually see a seasonal uplift in listings. While a rise in advertised stock levels will test the depth of housing demand, there is a good chance purchasing activity will continue to outpace available supply.

Buyer demand is supported by an increasingly healthy household sector:

- Consumer sentiment reached a 3 ½ year high in August, supported by lower interest rates and easing cost of living pressures. Historically, consumer sentiment and housing activity have shown a close relationship.
- After drawing down on savings accumulated through the pandemic, households are once again managing to accrue savings, with the household saving ratio trending towards pre-pandemic averages in March. While higher savings also imply less consumption, a return to an accrual of savings should help prospective buyers access the credit necessary for a home purchase.
- Real wages growth, at 1.3% per annum, is at its highest level since June 2020 and about 2 ½ times the pre-COVID decade average of just 0.5%. Stronger wages growth, alongside lower debt servicing costs, should help to support purchasing activity and sentiment.
- The jobs market remains tight, with the unemployment rate holding around the low 4% mark or less since the end of 2021, while the underemployment rate, at 5.9% in July, is well below the decade average of 7.9%. Such strong labour market conditions are supporting confidence and the ability to prove up loan

serviceability. Furthermore, these conditions, along with very low levels of negative equity, are another reason why mortgage defaults remain so low.

"There's been a clear turnaround for households relative to 2024 when high interest rates and cost of living pressures were weighing on balance sheets and the housing market," Mr Lawless said. "While interest rates are still some way from a stimulatory setting, and cost of living pressures remain, the household sector is now on a much better footing, which is flowing through to the housing sector."

The expanded Home Guarantee Scheme is another factor set to support housing demand. With unlimited places, no income restrictions and higher price caps, we expect this stimulus measure to be popular with first time buyers from October 1st.

"Saving for a deposit is one of the biggest hurdles for accessing home ownership. Saving a 5% rather than a 20% deposit could shave around 10 years off the time it takes to accrue a deposit in an expensive market like Sydney," Mr Lawless said.

"While the scheme is likely to be popular, it doesn't do anything to address the underlying factors that have caused housing to be so unaffordable in the first place."

Although the outlook for housing markets is looking increasingly positive, some headwinds remain that will likely keep the rate of growth in check. Stretched affordability is arguably the most significant factor keeping a lid on value growth, but also elevated levels of household debt, a focus on prudent lending standards and normalising population growth are all factors that are also likely to keep the rate of growth below recent cyclical peaks.

Cotality Home Value Index tables

	Capitals								Rest of s	tate reg	ions					Aggregat	e indices	
Region	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart	Darwin	Canberra	Regional NSW	Regional Vic	Regional Qld	Regional SA	Regional WA	Regional Tas	Regional NT	Combined capitals	Combined regional	National
All Dwellings																		
Month	0.8%	0.3%	1.2%	0.9%	1.1%	-0.2%	1.0%	0.4%	0.2%	0.6%	0.8%	0.5%	1.0%	0.2%	na	0.8%	0.5%	0.7%
Quarter	1.7%	1.0%	3.0%	2.1%	3.1%	-0.6%	5.0%	1.5%	0.7%	1.3%	2.5%	2.1%	2.2%	0.0%	na	1.9%	1.6%	1.8%
YTD	3.3%	2.8%	5.8%	3.0%	4.7%	1.3%	10.8%	2.1%	2.9%	3.0%	6.3%	7.2%	6.4%	0.6%	na	3.7%	4.5%	3.9%
Annual	2.1%	1.4%	7.9%	6.5%	6.6%	2.6%	10.2%	1.6%	3.8%	2.8%	8.5%	10.9%	11.1%	2.4%	na	3.6%	6.0%	4.1%
Total return	5.1%	5.1%	11.6%	10.2%	11.2%	7.0%	17.6%	5.6%	8.2%	7.3%	13.6%	16.5%	17.7%	7.1%	n a	7.0%	10.7%	7.9%
Gross yield	3.0%	3.7%	3.6%	3.7%	4.2%	4.4%	6.5%	4.1%	4.2%	4.3%	4.4%	4.7%	5.8%	4.6%	na	3.5%	4.4%	3.7%
Median value	\$1,224,341	\$803,194	\$949,583	\$851,125	\$841,928	\$680,315	\$553,131	\$872,957	\$774,168	\$595,399	\$752,533	\$494,357	\$595,356	\$532,167	na	\$932,038	\$693,859	\$848,858
Houses																		
Month	0.9%	0.4%	1.2%	0.9%	1.1%	-0.2%	1.1%	0.6%	0.2%	0.7%	0.8%	0.4%	1.1%	0.4%	-1.1%	0.9%	0.5%	0.8%
Quarter	2.0%	1.3%	2.9%	2.1%	3.1%	-0.7%	6.1%	1.9%	0.8%	1.4%	2.4%	2.1%	2.3%	0.2%	0.6%	2.1%	1.6%	2.0%
YTD	4.2%	3.5%	5.5%	3.0%	4.5%	1.1%	11.9%	2.6%	3.1%	3.1%	6.4%	7.4%	6.6%	0.7%	0.6%	4.1%	4.5%	4.2%
Annual	2.9%	2.1%	7.3%	6.4%	6.3%	2.8%	10.9%	2.1%	4.0%	2.9%	8.7%	10.9%	11.2%	2.5%	-1.7%	4.1%	6.1%	4.6%
Total return	5.5%	5.4%	10.6%	9.9%	10.6%	7.2%	17.8%	5.8%	8.3%	7.3%	13.8%	16.6%	17.7%	6.9%	5.6%	7.2%	10.7%	8.1%
Gross yield	2.6%	3.1%	3.4%	3.5%	4.0%	4.3%	5.9%	3.7%	4.1%	4.2%	4.3%	4.7%	5.7%	4.5%	7.8%	3.2%	4.3%	3.4%
Median value	\$1,521,611	\$956,305	\$1,040,651	\$906,620	\$881,867	\$724,097	\$654,490	\$1,008,291	\$801,844	\$625,687	\$757,293	\$507,039	\$615,356	\$552,651	\$418,179	\$1,056,440	\$708,956	\$920,003
Units																		
Month	0.6%	0.2%	1.3%	1.1%	1.0%	-0.1%	0.8%	-0.2%	0.2%	0.5%	0.8%	2.5%	-1.1%	-1.1%	na	0.6%	0.5%	0.6%
Quarter	0.9%	0.2%	3.9%	2.0%	3.0%	0.1%	2.5%	0.1%	0.5%	0.6%	2.5%	1.3%	1.2%	-2.1%	na	1.2%	1.6%	1.3%
YTD	0.8%	1.2%	7.5%	3.2%	6.4%	2.2%	8.2%	0.5%	1.8%	2.8%	6.3%	4.8%	2.4%	0.7%	na	2.0%	4.4%	2.4%
Annual	0.0%	-0.4%	11.1%	7.7%	10.0%	1.5%	8.8%	-0.1%	2.9%	2.1%	7.8%	9.7%	8.7%	1.8%	na	1.8%	5.7%	2.5%
Total return	4.0%	4.4%	16.1%	12.6%	16.0%	6.2%	17.0%	4.9%	7.5%	7.0%	12.9%	14.9%	17.6%	8.6%	na	6.3%	10.7%	7.1%
Gross yield	4.1%	4.8%	4.4%	4.5%	5.5%	4.8%	7.9%	5.3%	4.5%	4.9%	4.5%	5.0%	8.4%	5.0%	na	4.5%	4.6%	4.5%
Median value	\$873,838	\$622,939	\$740,992	\$620,421	\$624,821	\$551,149	\$393,254	\$594,813	\$638,163	\$426,029	\$738,579	\$354,042	\$373,728	\$419,554	na	\$711,370	\$613,240	\$695,440

Top 10 Capital city SA3's with highest 12-month value growth - Dwellings

Ran	kSA3 Name	SA4 Name	Median Value	Annual change
		Greater Sydney		
1	Bankstown	Inner South West	\$1,419,824	7.4%
2	Strathfield - Burwood - Ashfield	Inner West	\$985,604	7.1%
3	Richmond - Windsor	Outer West and Blue	\$954,564	6.9%
4	Mount Druitt	Mountains Blacktown	\$925,511	6.6%
5	St Marys	Outer West and Blue	\$1,026,608	6.6%
6	Fairfield	Mountains South West	\$1,209,652	6.2%
7	Marrickville - Sydenham - Petersham	City and Inner South	\$1,752,898	6.0%
8	Liverpool	South West	\$1,130,984	5.8%
9	Wollondilly	Outer South West	\$1,120,375	5.3%
10	Penrith	Outer West and Blue Mountains	\$999,155	5.3%
		Greater Melbourne		
1	Frankston	Mornington Peninsula	\$798,884	8.3%
2	Tullamarine - Broadmeadows	North West	\$713,310	6.7%
3	Sunbury	North West	\$708,708	5.0%
4	Dandenong	South East	\$768,231	5.0%
5	Knox	Outer East	\$958,355	4.9%
6	Keilor	North West	\$1,060,134	4.9%
7	Brimbank	West	\$699,152	4.8%
8	Macedon Ranges	North West	\$934,447	3.7%
9	Whittlesea - Wallan	North East	\$756,107	3.6%
10	Melton - Bacchus Marsh	West	\$648,813	3.5%
		Greater Brisbane		
1	Nathan	South	\$1,228,356	11.5%
2	Strathpine	Moreton Bay - South	\$826,777	11.0%
3	Capalaba	East	\$1,078,051	11.0%
4	Redcliffe	Moreton Bay - North	\$910,066	10.3%
5	lpswich Inner	Ipswich	\$745,264	10.1%
6	Chermside Cleveland -	North	\$1,157,370	10.0%
7	Stradbroke	East	\$1,041,593	9.9%
8	Nundah	North	\$1,010,961	9.9%
9	The Gap - Enoggera	West	\$1,265,745	9.6%
10	Jimboomba	Logan - Beaudesert	\$994,246	9.6%
		Greater Adelaide		
1	Playford	North	\$635,656	9.6%
2	Adelaide Hills	Central and Hills	\$937,191	9.5%
3	Port Adelaide - West		\$827,569	8.9%
4	Gawler - Two Wells Prospect - Walkerville	North	\$731,937 \$1,226,465	8.8%
5	•		\$1,326,465	8.0%
6	Mitcham	South	\$1,197,229	8.0%
7	Salisbury	North	\$714,759 \$050,724	7.8%
8	Marion	South	\$950,724	7.6%
9	Onkaparinga	South	\$806,104	7.5%
10	Tea Tree Gully	North	\$826,222	6.1%

Rank	c SA3 Name	SA4 Name	Median Value	Annual change
		Greater Perth		
1	Belmont - Victoria Park	South East	\$831,148	10.5%
2	Mundaring	North East	\$845,375	8.6%
3	Mandurah	Mandurah	\$727,650	8.5%
4	Kwinana	South West	\$671,360	8.2%
5	South Perth	South East	\$1,176,187	7.8%
6	Armadale	South East	\$740,012	7.6%
7	Swan	North East	\$773,374	7.6%
8	Fremantle	South West	\$1,234,056	7.4%
9	Melville	South West	\$1,331,077	7.3%
10	Kalamunda	South East	\$863,024	7.3%
		Greater Hobart		
1	Hobart - North East	Hobart	\$725,466	6.4%
2	Hobart - North West	Hobart	\$554,916	5.3%
3	Brighton	Hobart	\$554,311	4.2%
4	Hobart - South and West	Hobart	\$790,722	3.9%
5	Sorell - Dodges Ferry	Hobart	\$623,550	1.3%
6	Hobart Inner	Hobart	\$832,284	-3.1%
		Greater Darwin		
1	Palmerston	Darwin	\$566,064	16.3%
2	Darwin Suburbs	Darwin	\$555,499	12.0%
3	Darwin City	Darwin	\$479,345	4.2%
		ACT		
1	Molonglo	ACT	\$736,739	7.1%
2	South Canberra	ACT	\$1,095,081	3.7%
3	Tuggeranong	ACT	\$858,913	2.8%
4	Belconnen	ACT	\$843,817	2.4%
5	Weston Creek	ACT	\$952,715	1.1%
6	Woden Valley	ACT	\$1,025,153	0.7%
7	Gungahlin	ACT	\$892,102	0.3%
8	North Canberra	ACT	\$783,445	-1.4%

Data source: Cotality

About the data

Median values refers to the middle of valuations observed in the region Growth rates are based on changes in the Cotality Home Value index, which

take into account value changes across the market
Only metrics with a minimum of 20 sales observations and a low standard
error on the median valuation have been included.
Data is at August 2025



Top 10 regional SA3's with highest 12-month value growth - Dwellings

Ranl	kSA3 Name	SA4 Name	Median Value	Annual change
		Regional NSW	value	change
1	Lower Murray	Murray	\$355,012	16.6%
2	Tamworth - Gunnedah	New England and North West	\$510,957	11.6%
3	Albury	Murray	\$599,217	10.5%
4	Upper Hunter	Hunter Valley exc Newcastle	\$527,818	9.2%
5	Orange	Central West	\$663,454	9.0%
6	Inverell - Tenterfield	New England and North West	\$377,538	8.2%
7	Maitland	Hunter Valley exc Newcastle	\$797,945	7.8%
8	Griffith - Murrumbidgee (West)	Riverina	\$464,541	7.2%
9	Taree - Gloucester	Mid North Coast	\$612,817	7.2%
10	Armidale	New England and North West	\$493,712	7.1%
		Regional VIC		
1	Mildura	North West	\$488,302	15.5%
2	Bendigo	Bendigo	\$600,323	7.8%
3	Wodonga - Alpine	Hume	\$644,038	6.1%
4	Grampians	North West	\$335,939	5.8%
5	Colac - Corangamite	Warrnambool and South West	\$540,236	5.6%
6	Ballarat	Ballarat	\$571,784	5.1%
7	Moira	Shepparton	\$490,378	4.1%
8	Wangaratta - Benalla	Hume	\$510,617	3.8%
9	Loddon - Elmore	Bendigo	\$442,239	3.6%
10	Geelong	Geelong	\$702,137	3.6%
		Regional QLD		
1	Biloela	Central Queensland	\$345,616	19.1%
2	Central Highlands	Central Queensland	\$371,090	16.8%
3	Darling Downs (West) - Maranoa	Darling Downs - Maranoa	\$356,637	16.7%
4	Darling Downs - East	Darling Downs - Maranoa	\$502,316	15.8%
5	Charters Towers - Ayr - Ingham		\$303,817	15.3%
6	Townsville	Townsville Mackay - Isaac -	\$601,143	15.2%
7	Mackay	Whitsunday Mackay - Isaac -	\$627,297	15.2%
8	Bowen Basin - North	Whitsunday	\$361,607	14.8%
9	Granite Belt	Darling Downs - Maranoa	\$544,857	13.0%
10	Toowoomba	Toowoomba	\$725,100	12.8%
		Regional SA		
1	Murray and Mallee	South East Barossa - Yorke - Mid	\$472,466	14.2%
2	Yorke Peninsula	North	\$504,729	12.3%
3	Barossa	Barossa - Yorke - Mid North	\$713,082	11.3%
4	Fleurieu - Kangaroo Island	South East	\$760,192	10.7%
5	Eyre Peninsula and South West	Outback	\$364,374	8.8%
6	Limestone Coast	South East	\$481,240	8.1%

Rank	SA3 Name	SA4 Name	Median Value	Annual change					
Regional WA									
1	Mid West	Outback (South)	\$501,515	18.7%					
2	Albany	Wheat Belt	\$650,379	18.4%					
3	Esperance	Outback (South)	\$506,503	13.0%					
4	Wheat Belt - North	Wheat Belt	\$462,270	11.0%					
5	Augusta - Margaret River - Busselton	Bunbury	\$986,323	10.1%					
6	Manjimup	Bunbury	\$584,464	9.2%					
7	Bunbury	Bunbury	\$676,536	9.2%					
8	West Pilbara	Outback (North)	\$596,180	7.9%					
9	Gascoyne	Outback (South)	\$434,795	6.1%					
10	Kimberley	Outback (North)	\$518,616	5.9%					
		Regional TAS							
1	Burnie - Ulverstone	West and North West	\$491,502	4.9%					
2	Devonport	West and North West	\$527,472	3.9%					
3	Huon - Bruny Island	South East	\$689,074	3.0%					
4	North East	Launceston and North East	\$516,580	2.3%					
5	Central Highlands	South East	\$444,104	2.2%					
6	Meander Valley - West Tamar	Launceston and North East	\$565,888	1.8%					
7	Launceston	Launceston and North East	\$555,529	1.0%					
8	South East Coast	South East	\$625,973	-0.6%					

Data source: Cotality

About the data

Median values refers to the middle of valuations observed in the region Growth rates are based on changes in the Cotality Home Value index, which take into account value changes across the market Only metrics with a minimum of 20 sales observations and a low standard error on the median valuation have been included.

Data is at August 2025

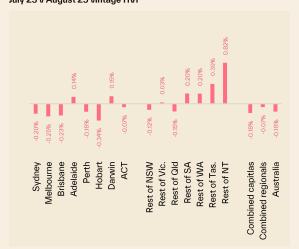


Prior month level of revision

Monthly change in July 2025



Revision in monthly change for July 2025: July 25 v August 25 vintage HVI







Cotality is the largest independent provider of property information, analytics and property-related risk management services in Australia and New Zealand.

Methodology

The Cotality Hedonic Home Value Index (HVI) is calculated using a hedonic regression methodology that addresses the issue of compositional bias associated with median price and other measures. In simple terms, the index is calculated using recent sales data combined with information about the attributes of individual properties such as the number of bedrooms and bathrooms, land area and geographical context of the dwelling. By separating each property into its various formational and locational attributes, observed sales values for each property can be distinguished between those attributed to the property's attributes and those resulting from changes in the underlying residential property market. Additionally, by understanding the value associated with each attribute of a given property, this methodology can be used to estimate the value of dwellings with known characteristics for which there is no recent sales price by observing the characteristics and sales prices of other dwellings which have recently transacted. It then follows that changes in the market value of the entire residential property stock can be accurately tracked through time. The detailed methodological information can be found at:

https://www.cotality.com/au/our-data/indices

The median value is the middle estimated value of all residential properties derived through the hedonic regression methodology that underlies the Cotality Hedonic Home Value Index.

Cotality is able to produce a consistently accurate and robust Hedonic Index due to its extensive property related database, which includes transaction data for every home sale within every state and territory. Cotality augments this data with recent sales advice from real estate industry professionals, listings information and attribute data collected from a variety of sources.





Disclaimers

In compiling this publication, RP Data Pty Ltd trading as Cotality (ABN 67 087 759 171) ("Cotality") has relied upon information supplied by a number of external sources. Cotality does not warrant its accuracy or completeness and to the full extent allowed by law excludes liability in contract, tort or otherwise, for any loss or damage sustained by subscribers, or by any other person or body corporate arising from or in connection with the supply or use of the whole or any part of the information in this publication through any cause whatsoever and limits any liability it may have to the amount paid to Cotality for the supply of such information.

New South Wales Data

Contains property sales information provided under licence from the Valuer General New South Wales. RP Data Pty Ltd trading as Cotality is authorised as a Property Sales Information provider by the Valuer General New South Wales.

Victorian Data

The State of Victoria owns the copyright in the Property Sales Data and reproduction of that data in any way without the consent of the State of Victoria will constitute a breach of the Copyright Act 1968 (Cth). The State of Victoria does not warrant the accuracy or completeness of the Property Sales Data and any person using or relying upon such information does so on the basis that the State of Victoria accepts no responsibility or liability whatsoever for any errors, faults, defects or omissions in the information supplied.

Queensland Data

Based on or contains data provided by the State of Queensland (Department of Resources) 2025. In consideration of the State permitting use of this data you acknowledge and agree that the State gives no warranty in relation to the data (including accuracy, reliability, completeness, currency or suitability) and accepts no liability (including without limitation, liability in negligence) for any loss, damage or costs (including consequential damage) relating to any use of the data. Data must not be used for direct marketing or be used in breach of the privacy laws; more information at www.propertydatacodeofconduct.com.au.

Australian Capital Territory Data

The Territory Data is the property of the Australian Capital Territory. Any form of Territory Data that is reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted by any means (electronic, mechanical, microcopying, photocopying, recording or otherwise) must be in accordance with this agreement. Enquiries should be directed to: acepdcustomerservices@act.gov.au. Director, Customer Coordination, Access Canberra ACT Government, GPO Box 158 Canberra ACT 2601.

South Australian Data

© 2025 Copyright in this information belongs to the South Australian Government and the South Australian Government does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information or its suitability for any purpose.

Western Australian Data

Information contained within this product includes or is derived from the location information data licensed from Western Australian Land Information Authority (WALIA) (2025) trading as Landgate. Copyright in the location information data remains with WALIA. WALIA does not warrant the accuracy or completeness of the location information data or its suitability for any particular purpose. Western Australian Land Information Authority owns all copyright in the location information which is protected by the Copyright Act 1968 (Cth) and apart from any use as permitted under the fair dealing provisions of the Copyright Act 1968 (Cth), all other rights are reserved and no location information, or part of the location information, may be reproduced, distributed, commercialised or re-used for any other purpose without the prior written permission of Western Australian Land Information Authority (Landgate).

Tasmanian Data

This product incorporates data that is copyright owned by the Crown in Right of Tasmania. The data has been used in the product with the permission of the Crown in Right of Tasmania. The Crown in Right of Tasmania and its employees and agents:

- give no warranty regarding the data's accuracy, completeness, currency or suitability for any particular purpose; and
- b) do not accept liability howsoever arising, including but not limited to negligence for any loss resulting from the use of or reliance upon the data.

Base data from the LIST © State of Tasmania http://www.thelist.tas.gov.au





Get the latest property news and insights

cotality.com/au/insights

